HIGH VOLTAGE CERAMIC CAPACITORS



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#### Part Numbering

High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors (over 10kV)

(Global Part Number) DH R B3 4A 101 M 2B B

#### Product ID

Product ID	
DH	High Voltage Ceramic Capacitors (over 10kV)

#### 2 Series Category

Code	Contents				
R	Radial Type				
S	Mold Type				

First three digits of part number ( Product ID and Series Category) express "Series Name".

#### **3**Temperature Characteristics

Code	Temp. Char.	Cap. Change or Temp. Coeff.	Temp. Range	
В3	В	±10%	–25 to +85℃	
F4	Z5V	+22%, -82%	+10 to +85℃	
4E	ZM	-4700±1000ppm/℃	+20 to +85℃	
4E	N4700	-4700±1000ppiii/C	T20 10 T65 C	

#### 4 Rated Voltage

Code	Rated Voltage			
4A	DC10kV			
4B	DC12kV			
4C	DC15kV			
4D	DC20kV			
4F	DC30kV			
4G	DC40kV			

#### **5**Capacitance

Expressed by three figures. The unit is pico-farad (pF). The first and second figures are significant digits, and the third figure expresses the number of zeros which follow the two numbers. If there is a decimal point, it is expressed by the capital letter "R". In this case, all figures are significant digits.

#### **6**Capacitance Tolerance

Code	Capacitance Tolerance			
K	±10%			
М	±20%			
Z	+80%, -20%			

#### DLead Type (DHR Series)

Code	Lead Type	Lead Spacing	Lead Diameter
2B	Stroight Long	9.5mm	ø0.65mm
2F	Straight Long	12.7mm	ø0.8mm

#### **7**Body Diameter and Terminal Type (**DHS** Series)

Code	Body Diameter	Terminal Type	
C2	20mm		
D2	24mm		
H2	30mm	ISO M4, P0.7	
L2	38mm	Tapped Holes	
N2	43mm	(Metric Screw Thread)	
R2	52mm		
T2	60mm		
СХ	20mm		
DX	24mm		
нх	30mm	No.8-32, NC-2B	
LX	38mm	Tapped Holes	
NX	43mm	(Inch Screw Thread)	
RX	52mm		
TX	60mm		

#### 8 Packaging

Code	Packaging
В	Bulk





## Radial Lead Type DHR Series (DC10-15kV)

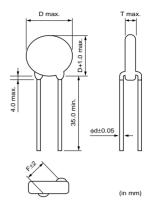
#### ■ Features

- 1. Small size
- 2. Excellent heat-proof, humidity-proof and high-dielectric strength voltage.
- 3. Coated with flame-retardant epoxy resin.

#### ■ Applications

- 1. Color TV doublers and triplers
- 2. High voltage DC power supplies (PPCs, X-ray apparatus, air cleaner, lasers, etc.)
- 3. Tuning capacitor in focus circuit for display





■ Marking

Iviarking					
Temp. Char.		ZM	В		
Nominal body o	ııa.				
ø8mm		101 10K	101 10K		
	∞9mm and 10mm	221K 10K•	221M 10K		
	ø11mm to 14mm	ZM 471K 10K	B 471M 10K		
∅15mm to 18mm		102KZ (M 10K 0050	102MB M 10K 0050		
	Nominal body dia. Ø8mm	Omitted	Omitted		
Temperature	Nominal body dia. Ø9 and 10mm	Marked with • (dot)	Omitted		
Characteristics	Nominal body dia. ø11 to 14mm	Marked with code.	Marked with code.		
	Nominal body dia. ø15mm min.	Marked with Z.			
No	ominal Capacitance	Under 100pF : Actual value, 100pF	and over : Marked with 3 figures.		
Ca	pacitance Tolerance	Marked with code, omitted for nominal body diameter ø8mm and under.			
	Rated Voltage Marked with code.				
Manuf	Manufacturer's Identification  Marked with (M), omitted for nominal body diameter ø14mm and u				
Abbreviation, omitted for nominal body diameter ø14mm and und (Ex.) $0 0 5 0 1$ : Last numeral in year $3$ : Fix No. $2$ : Number in the month					



## ZM Characteristics

Part Number	Rated Voltage (kV)	Capacitance (pF)	Body Dia. D (mm)	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T (mm)	Lead Dia. ød (mm)
DHR4E4A101K2BB	DC10	100 +10, -10%	8.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHR4E4A151K2BB	DC10	150 +10, -10%	8.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHR4E4A221K2BB	DC10	220 +10, -10%	9.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHR4E4A331K2BB	DC10	330 +10,-10%	10.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHR4E4A471K2BB	DC10	470 +10, -10%	12.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHR4E4A681K2BB	DC10	680 +10, -10%	13.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHR4E4A102K2BB	DC10	1000 +10, -10%	15.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHR4E4B101K2BB	DC12	100 +10, -10%	8.0	9.5	7.3	0.65
DHR4E4B151K2BB	DC12	150 +10, -10%	9.0	9.5	7.3	0.65
DHR4E4B221K2BB	DC12	220 +10, -10%	9.0	9.5	7.3	0.65
DHR4E4B331K2BB	DC12	330 +10, -10%	11.0	9.5	7.3	0.65
DHR4E4B471K2BB	DC12	470 +10, -10%	12.0	9.5	7.3	0.65
DHR4E4B681K2BB	DC12	680 +10, -10%	14.0	9.5	7.3	0.65
DHR4E4B102K2BB	DC12	1000 +10, -10%	16.0	9.5	7.3	0.65
DHR4E4C101K2BB	DC15	100 +10, -10%	8.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHR4E4C151K2BB	DC15	150 +10, -10%	9.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHR4E4C221K2BB	DC15	220 +10, -10%	10.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHR4E4C331K2BB	DC15	330 +10, -10%	12.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHR4E4C471K2BB	DC15	470 +10, -10%	13.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHR4E4C681K2BB	DC15	680 +10, -10%	15.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHR4E4C102K2FB	DC15	1000 +10, -10%	18.0	12.7	8.2	0.8

## **B** Characteristics

Part Number	Rated Voltage (kV)	Capacitance (pF)	Body Dia. D (mm)	Lead Spacing F (mm)	Body Thickness T (mm)	Lead Dia. ød (mm)
DHRB34A101M2BB	DC10	100 +20, -20%	8.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHRB34A151M2BB	DC10	150 +20, -20%	8.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHRB34A221M2BB	DC10	220 +20, -20%	9.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHRB34A331M2BB	DC10	330 +20, -20%	10.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHRB34A471M2BB	DC10	470 +20, -20%	12.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHRB34A681M2BB	DC10	680 +20, -20%	13.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHRB34A102M2BB	DC10	1000 +20, -20%	15.0	9.5	7.0	0.65
DHRB34B101M2BB	DC12	100 +20, -20%	8.0	9.5	7.7	0.65
DHRB34B151M2BB	DC12	150 +20, -20%	9.0	9.5	7.5	0.65
DHRB34B221M2BB	DC12	220 +20, -20%	9.0	9.5	7.5	0.65
DHRB34B331M2BB	DC12	330 +20, -20%	11.0	9.5	7.5	0.65
DHRB34B471M2BB	DC12	470 +20, -20%	12.0	9.5	7.5	0.65
DHRB34B681M2BB	DC12	680 +20, -20%	14.0	9.5	7.5	0.65
DHRB34B102M2BB	DC12	1000 +20, -20%	16.0	9.5	7.5	0.65
DHRB34C101M2BB	DC15	100 +20, -20%	8.0	9.5	8.5	0.65
DHRB34C151M2BB	DC15	150 +20, -20%	9.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHRB34C221M2BB	DC15	220 +20, -20%	10.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHRB34C331M2BB	DC15	330 +20, -20%	12.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHRB34C471M2BB	DC15	470 +20, -20%	13.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHRB34C681M2BB	DC15	680 +20, -20%	15.0	9.5	8.2	0.65
DHRB34C102M2FB	DC15	1000 +20, -20%	18.0	12.7	8.2	0.8

## **Specifications and Test Methods**

No.	ı	Item	Specifications	Testing Method
1	Operating Temper	rature Range	-25 to +100°C	_
2	Capacitance		Within the specified tolerance.	The capacitance should be measured at 20°C with 1±0.2kHz and AC 5V(r.m.s.) max.
3	Dissipation Factor	(D.F.)	ZM 1.0% max. B 2.5% max.	Same condition as capacitance.
4	Insulation Resistance (I.R.)	Between Lead Wires	10000MΩ min.	The insulation resistance should be measured with DC1000V within 60±5 sec. of charging.
		Between Lead Wires	No failure.	The capacitor should not be damaged when DC voltage of 150% of the rated voltage is applied between the lead wires for 60±5 sec. in insulating liquid or gas. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA)
5	Dielectric Strength	Body Insulation	No failure.	The capacitor is placed in the container with metal balls of diameter 1mm so that each lead wire, shortcircuited, is kept approximately 2mm off the metal balls as shown in the figure at right, and DC voltage of 3kV is applied for 10 sec. between capacitor lead wires and metal balls. (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA)
6	Temperature Char	racteristics	Temp. Char.	The capacitance measurement should be made at each step specified in table. Capacitance change from the value of step 3 should not exceed the limit specified.
				Char.         1         2         3         4         5           ZM           20±2°C         85±2°C         20±2°C           B         20±2°C         -25±3°C         20±2°C         85±2°C         20±2°C
		Appearance	No marked defect.	The lead wires should be immersed into the melted solder of
7	Soldering Effect	Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	350±10°C up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the main body for 3.5±0.5 sec.  Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hrs. at
		Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	No failure.	*room condition.
		Appearance	No marked defect.	Set the capacitor for 240±8 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative
		Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	humidity.  Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 1 to 2 hrs. at
8	Humidity (Under Steady	D.F.	ZM 1.5% max. B 4.0% max.	*room condition.
	State)	I.R.	5000MΩ min.	
		Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	No failure.	
		Appearance	No marked defect.	Apply a DC voltage of 125% of the rated voltage for 1000 <sup>+48</sup>
		Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	hrs. in silicon oil at 85±2°C.  Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hrs. at
9	Life	D.F.	ZM 1.5% max. B 4.0% max.	*room condition.  (Charge/Discharge current≦50mA)
		I.R.	5000MΩ min.	-
		Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	No failure	

(Note) Tests for Dielectric Strength (between lead wires), Charge Discharge Test, Humidity, Temperature Cycle and Life should be performed with specimens having molded resin (MR1023C: made by Murata) extending over 3mm on all the surface.

Continued on the following page.





<sup>\* &</sup>quot;room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

### **Specifications and Test Methods**

Continued from the preceding page.

No.		Item	Specifications	Testing Method		
		Appearance	No marked defect.	Charge discharge test should be measured in the following test circuit and cycle.		
		Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	Applied voltage : Rated voltage		
		D.F.	ZM 1.5% max. B 4.0% max.	Cycle time : 20000 cycle  Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 4 hrs. at *room		
		I.R.	5000M $\Omega$ min.	condition.		
10	Charge Discharge Test	Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	No failure.	$\begin{array}{c c} <\text{Circuit>} & <\text{Cycle>} \\ \hline R_1 & \text{SW} & \text{Charge} \\ \hline Discharge} \\ \hline \\ Cx : \text{specimen} \\ R_1 : \text{circuit protective resistor } (300k\Omega) \\ Co : \text{supplied energy for Cx. } Co = 10Cx \\ R_2 : \text{current limitting resistor } (E/10\Omega) \\ \hline E : \text{direct-current voltage source} \end{array}$		
		Appearance	No marked defect.	Temperature cycle should be measured in the following test.		
		Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	Cycle time : 5 cycle Post-treatment : Capacitor should be stored for 4 hrs. at *room condition.		
11	Temperature Cycle	D.F.	ZM 1.5% max. B 4.0% max.	+100°C		
		I.R.	5000MΩ min.	-30°C		
		Dielectric Strength (Between Lead Wires)	No failure.	30 1 30 (min)		
12	Strength	Pull	Lead wire should not be cut off.	As shown in the figure at right, fix the body of the capacitor and apply a tensile weight gradually to each lead wire in the radial direction of the capacitor up to 10N and keep it for 10±1 sec.		
12	of Lead	Bending	Capacitor should not be broken.	Each lead wire should be subjected to 5N of weight and bent 90° at the point of egress, in one direction, then returned to its original position and bent 90° in the opposite direction at the rate of one bend in 2 to 3 sec.		
13	Solderability of Le	eads	Lead wire should be soldered with uniform coating on the axial direction over $\frac{3}{4}$ of the circumferential direction.	The lead wire of a capacitor should be dipped into a 25% methanol solution of rosin and then into molten solder of 235±5°C for 2±0.5 sec. In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of lead wires.		

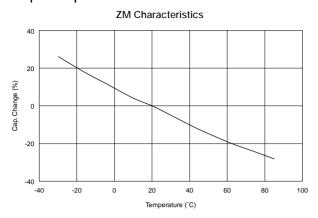
(Note) Tests for Dielectric Strength (between lead wires), Charge Discharge Test, Humidity, Temperature Cycle and Life should be performed with specimens having molded resin (MR1023C: made by Murata) extending over 3mm on all the surface.

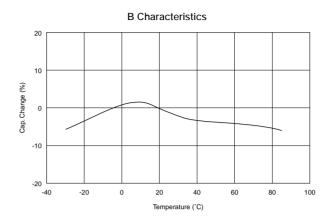


 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  "room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

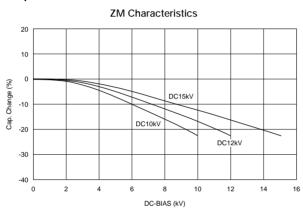
### **Typical Characteristics Data/Packaging**

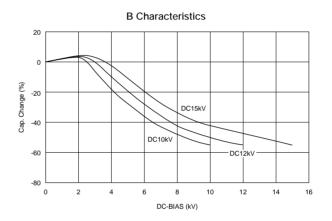
#### ■ Cap.-Temp. Char.





#### ■ Cap.-DC Bias Char.





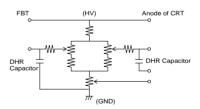
#### ■ Packaging Styles



Minimum Quantity (Order in Sets Only)	200 (pcs.)
Minimum Order Quantity	200 (pcs.)

"Minimum Quantity" means the number of units of each delivery or order.
 The quantity should be an integral multiple of the "minimum quantity".
 (Please note that the actual delivery quantity in a package may change sometimes.)

#### ■ Example



#### **DHR Series (1)** Caution/Notice

#### ■ ①Caution (Rating)

#### 1. Operating Voltage

When DC-rated capacitors are to be used in AC or ripple current circuits, be sure to maintain the Vp-p value of the applied voltage or the Vo-p which contains DC bias within the rated voltage range.

When the voltage is applied to the circuit, starting or stopping may generate irregular voltage for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use a capacitor with a rated voltage range that includes these irregular voltages.

Voltage	DC Voltage	DC+AC Voltage	AC Voltage	Pulse Voltage (1)	Pulse Voltage (2)
Positional Measurement	Vo-p	Vo-p	Vp-p	Vp-p	Vp-p

2. Operating Temperature and Self-generated Heat Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself. When the capacitor is used in a highfrequency current, pulse current or similar current, it may self-generate heat due to dielectric loss. The applied voltage load should be such that the capacitor's selfgenerated heat is within 10°C at an atmosphere temperature of 25°C. When measuring, use a thermocouple of small thermal capacity-K of ø0.1mm in conditions where the capacitor is not affected by radiant heat from other components or surrounding ambient fluctuations. Excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics and reliability. (Never attempt to perform measurement with the cooling fan running. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be ensured.)

Failure to follow the above cautions may result, worst case, in a short circuit and cause fuming or partial dispersion when the product is used.

## ■ ① Caution (Storage and Operation Condition) Operating and storage environment

The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store

capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture.

The capacitor is designed to be used in insulating media, such as epoxy resin, silicone oil, etc.

There must be 3mm or more of insulating media for each direction of the capacitor.

Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product,

verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed -10 to 40 degrees centigrade and 15 to 85%. Use capacitors within 6 months.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.



### **DHR Series (1)** Caution/Notice

#### ■ ①Caution (Soldering and Mounting)

#### 1. Vibration and impact

Do not expose a capacitor or its leads to excessive shock or vibration during use.

#### 2. Soldering

When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specification of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

When soldering capacitor with a soldering iron, it should be performed in following conditions.

Temperature of iron-tip: 400 degrees C. max. Soldering iron wattage: 50W max.

Soldering time: 3.5 sec. max.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.

#### ■ **(**Caution (Handling)

Vibration and impact

Do not expose a capacitor or its leads to excessive shock or vibration during use.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.

#### ■ Notice (Soldering and Mounting)

Cleaning (ultrasonic cleaning)

To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions. Rinse bath capacity: Output of 20 watts per liter or less.

Rinsing time : 5 min maximum.

Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly.

Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the lead wires.

#### ■ Notice (Rating)

Capacitance change of capacitor

- 1. Class 1 capacitors
  - Capacitance might change a little depending on the surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. Please contact us if you intend to use this product in a strict time constant circuit.
- 2. Class 2 and 3 capacitors
  Class 2 and 3 capacitors with temperature
  characteristics B, E and F have an aging

characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor is left on for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on the surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. So, it is not likely to be suitable for use in a time constant circuit. Please contact us if you need detailed information.



## Mold Type DHS N4700 Series (DC10-40kV)

Murata's high voltage ceramic capacitors, DHS N4700 series, are designed to meet the stringent requirements of high voltage applications.

These capacitors are especially appropriate for applications which require a low dissipation factor and a small voltage coefficient.

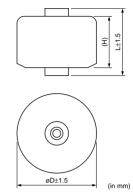
#### Features

- 1. Epoxy resin encapsulated
- 2. Small size
- 3. Low dissipation factor and low heating value
- 4. Linear temperature characteristic
- 5. Low DC, AC-voltage coefficient

#### Applications

- Gas laser
- DC HV power supplies
- Lightning arresters, voltage distribution systems
- Electron microscopes, synchroscopes
- Electrostatic coating machines





DC Rated Voltage (kV)	Depth of tapped holes (mm)
10, 15	4
20, 30	6
40	8

Dort Normalism	Capacitance	Capacitance	DC Rated	Dime	nsions	(mm)	Terminal Type
Part Number	(pF)	Tolerance (%)	Voltage (kV)	D	L	Н	(Screw Thread Type)
DHS4E4A561KC2B	560			20			
DHS4E4A122KH2B	1200						100111 00-
DHS4E4A282KL2B	2800	±10		38			ISO M4, P0.7 (Metric Screw Thread)
DHS4E4A502KR2B	5000						(Wethe Colew Thread)
DHS4E4A802KT2B	8000		10	60	16	12	
DHS4E4A561MCXB	560		10	20	] 10	'2	No.8-32, NC-2B (Inch Screw Thread)
DHS4E4A122MHXB	1200			30	-		
DHS4E4A282MLXB	<b>4E4A282MLXB</b> 2800	±20		38			
DHS4E4A502MRXB	5000			52			
DHS4E4A802MTXB	8000			60			
DHS4E4C371KC2B	370			20			
DHS4E4C112KH2B	1100			30			100 M4 D0 7
DHS4E4C192KL2B	1900	±10		38			ISO M4, P0.7 (Metric Screw Thread)
DHS4E4C342KR2B	3400			52			(meme cerem rimeau)
DHS4E4C532KT2B	5300		15	60	18	14	
DHS4E4C371MCXB	370		10	20	16	'4	
DHS4E4C112MHXB	1100			30			N- 0.00 NO 05
DHS4E4C192MLXB	1900	±20		38			No.8-32, NC-2B (Inch Screw Thread)
DHS4E4C342MRXB	3400			52			(Inch Screw Thread)
DHS4E4C532MTXB	5300			60			

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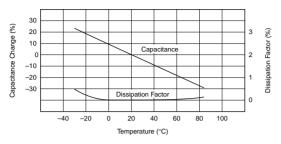


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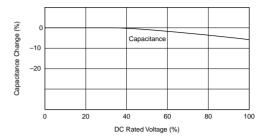
Part Number	Capacitance	Capacitance	DC Rated		nsions (	i '	Terminal Type
	(pF)	Tolerance (%)	Voltage (kV)	D	L	Н	(Screw Thread Type)
DHS4E4D281KC2B	280			20			
DHS4E4D881KH2B	880			30			ISO M4, P0.7
DHS4E4D142KL2B	1400	±10		38			(Metric Screw Thread)
DHS4E4D252KR2B	2500			52			(,
DHS4E4D402KT2B	4000		20	60	24	20	
DHS4E4D281MCXB	280		20	20		20	
DHS4E4D881MHXB	880			30			No.8-32, NC-2B
DHS4E4D142MLXB	1400	±20		38			(Inch Screw Thread)
DHS4E4D252MRXB	2500			52			(men cerem rimeda)
DHS4E4D402MTXB	4000			60			
DHS4E4F191KC2B	190			20			ISO M4, P0.7 (Metric Screw Thread)
DHS4E4F591KH2B	590	±10		30		24	
DHS4E4F941KL2B	940			38			
DHS4E4F172KR2B	1700		30	52	- 28		
DHS4E4F272KT2B	2700			60			No.8-32, NC-2B (Inch Screw Thread)
DHS4E4F191MCXB	190			20			
DHS4E4F591MHXB	590			30			
DHS4E4F941MLXB	940	±20		38			
DHS4E4F172MRXB	1700			52			
DHS4E4F272MTXB	2700			60			
DHS4E4G141KC2B	140			20			
DHS4E4G441KH2B	440			30			ISO M4, P0.7
DHS4E4G701KL2B	700	±10		38			(Metric Screw Thread)
DHS4E4G132KR2B	<b>IS4E4G132KR2B</b> 1300		52			(	
DHS4E4G202KT2B	2000		40	60	36	32	
DHS4E4G141MCXB DHS4E4G441MHXB DHS4E4G701MLXB DHS4E4G132MRXB	140		70	20		52	
	440			30			No.8-32, NC-2B (Inch Screw Thread)
	700	±20		38			
	1300			52			
DHS4E4G202MTXB	2000			60			

## Typical Characteristics Data / Specifications and Test Methods

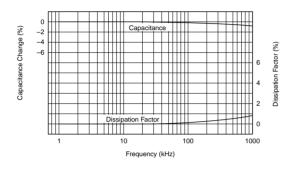
#### **■** Temperature Characteristic



#### ■ Typical Voltage Coefficient



#### **■** Frequency Characteristic



No		Item	Specifications	Testing Method						
1	Operating Tempe	erature Range	-20 to +85°C							
2	Capacitance		Within the specified tolerance.	The capacitance should be measured at 20°C with 1±0.1kHz and AC 1 to 5V(r.m.s.).						
3	Temperature Characteristics		Temperature coefficient -4700±1000ppm/°C (Temp. range: +20 to +85°C)	The capacitance measurement should be made at each step specified in table.  Capacitance change from the value of step 3 should not exceed the limit specified.  Step 1 2 3 4 5 Temp. (°C) — 20±2 85±2 20±2						
4	Dissipation Fact	or (D.F.)	0.3% max.	The dissipation factor should be measured at 20°C with 1±0.1kHz and AC 1 to 5V(r.m.s.).						
5	Dielectric Strength	Between Terminal	No failure.	The capacitor should not be damaged when DC voltage of 150% of the rated voltage is applied between the terminals for 60±5 sec. in insulating liquid or gas.  (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA)						
6	Insulation Resista	ance (I.R.)	10000MΩ min.	The insulation resistance should be measured with DC1000V within 60±5 sec. of charging.						
7	Strength of Terminal	Torque Strength	Capacitor should not be broken.	When mounting the capacitor on equipment, be sure to mount them within the torque strength values shown in the table below.  Terminal Type torque (N·m) ISO M4, No.8-32 1.5						
		Appearance	No marked defect.	Apply a DC voltage of 125% of the rated voltage for 100+24/-0 hrs. in						
8	Life	Capacitance Change	Within ±5%	silicon oil at 85±2°C.						
J		D.F.	1.0% max.	Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24 hrs. at *room						
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	condition. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA)						
	Humidity	Appearance	No marked defect.	Set the capacitor for 100+24/-0 hrs. at 40±2°C in 90 to 95% relative						
9	(Under Steady	Capacitance Change	Within ±5%	humidity. Post-treatment: Capacitor should be stored for 24 hrs. at						
,	State)	D.F.	1.0% max.	*room condition.						
	State)	I.R.	1000MΩ min.	- TOOTH CONDITION.						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  "room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa





## Mold Type DHS Z5V Series (DC20-40kV)

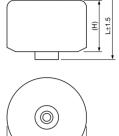
#### Features

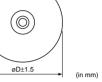
- 1. Epoxy resin encapsulated
- 2. Small size
- 3. Highly reliable internal construction
- 4. Wide selection of values
- 5. Up to DC 40kV working voltage

#### Applications

- Electrostatic coating machines
- Electron microscopes, synchroscopes
- CRT power supplies
- Lightning arrester voltage distribution systems
- DC HV power supplies



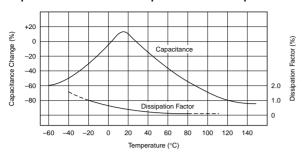




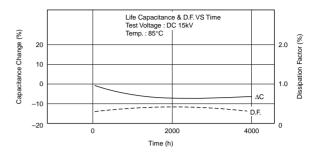
Part Number	Capacitance	Capacitance	DC Rated	Dime	nsions (	(mm)	Terminal Type
1 art rumber	(pF)	Tolerance (%)	Voltage (kV)	D	L	Н	(Screw Thread Type)
DHSF44D601ZD2B	600			24			
DHSF44D102ZH2B	1000			30			100 M4 D0 7
DHSF44D242ZN2B	2400			43			ISO M4, P0.7 (Metric Screw Thread)
DHSF44D332ZR2B	3300			52			(,
DHSF44D482ZT2B	4800		20	60	26	24	
DHSF44D601ZDXB	600		20	24	20		
DHSF44D102ZHXB	1000			30			No 0 22 NC 2D
DHSF44D242ZNXB	2400			43			No.8-32, NC-2B (Inch Screw Thread)
DHSF44D332ZRXB	3300			52			(
DHSF44D482ZTXB	4800			60			
DHSF44F461ZD2B	460			24			
DHSF44F781ZH2B	780			30			ISO M4, P0.7
DHSF44F182ZN2B	1800	+80, -20		43		32	(Metric Screw Thread)
DHSF44F252ZR2B	2500			52			
DHSF44F362ZT2B	3600		30	60	34		
DHSF44F461ZDXB	460	+00, -20	30	24			No.8-32, NC-2B (Inch Screw Thread)
DHSF44F781ZHXB	780			30			
DHSF44F182ZNXB	1800			43			
DHSF44F252ZRXB	2500			52			
DHSF44F362ZTXB	3600			60			
DHSF44G341ZD2B	340			24			
DHSF44G571ZH2B	570			30			ICO M4 D0 7
DHSF44G132ZN2B	1300			43			ISO M4, P0.7 (Metric Screw Thread)
DHSF44G192ZR2B	1900			52			(means coron rimeas)
DHSF44G272ZT2B	2700		40	60	41	39	
DHSF44G341ZDXB	340		40	24	41	39	
DHSF44G571ZHXB	570			30			No 9 22 NC 2D
DHSF44G132ZNXB	1300			43			No.8-32, NC-2B (Inch Screw Thread)
DHSF44G192ZRXB	1900			52			(mon ociew ilileau)
DHSF44G272ZTXB	2700			60			

### **Typical Characteristics Data**

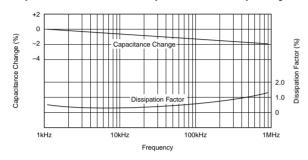
#### ■ Dissipation Factor and Capacitance-Temperature



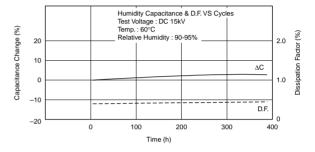
#### ■ Life



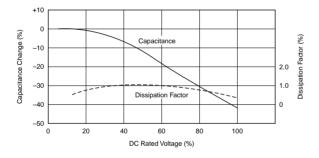
#### ■ Dissipation Factor and Capacitance-Frequency



#### ■ Humidity



#### **■** Typical Voltage Coefficient



## Specifications and Test Methods

No		Item	Specifications	Testing Method					
1	Operating Tempe	rature Range	-20 to +85°C						
2	Capacitance		Within the specified tolerance.	The capacitance should be measured at 25°C with 1±0.1kHz and AC 1 to 5V (r.m.s.).				Hz	
3	Temperature Cha	racteristics	Capacitance change +22%/-82% (Temp. range: +10 to +85°C)	Step         1         2         3         4         5				xceed the	
4	Dissipation Fact	or (D.F.)	1.5% max.	The dissipation fa		ld be meas	sured at 25	5°C with 1±	±0.1kHz
5	Dielectric Strength	Between Terminal	No failure.	The capacitor should not be damaged when DC voltage of 150% of the rated voltage is applied between the terminals for 60±5 sec. in insulating liquid or gas.  (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA)					
6	Insulation Resista	ance (I.R.)	10000MΩ min.	The insulation re 60±5 sec. of cha		hould be m	easured v	vith DC100	00V within
7	Strength of Terminal	Torque Strength	Capacitor should not be broken.	When mounting the capacitors on equipment, be sure to mount them within the torque strength values shown in the table below.  Terminal Type torque (N·m)  ISO M4, No.8-32 1.5					
		Appearance	No marked defect.	Apply a DC volta	ge of 125%	% of the rat	ed voltage	for 100+2	24/-0 hrs. in
8	Life	Capacitance Change	Within ±20%	silicon oil at 85±2°C.					
J	Liic	D.F.	5.0% max.	Post-treatment: 0	Capacitor s	hould be s	tored for 2	4 hrs. at *:	room
		I.R.	1000MΩ min.	condition. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA)					
	Humidity	Appearance	No marked defect.	Set the capacitor	for 100 i 2	4/Ohro of	. 40±3∘C !i	00 to 059	/ rolativo
9	(Under Steady	Capacitance Change	Within ±20%						
7	State)	D.F.	5.0% max.	humidity. Post-tre	ament. C	apacitoi Si	iouiu be st	0180 101 24	+ เแร. สเ
	Statej	I.R.	1000MΩ min.	room condition.					

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  "room condition" Temperature: 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 75%, Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106kPa

#### DHS Series (1) Caution and Notice

#### ■ ∴ Caution

#### 1. Operating voltage

When DC-rated capacitors are to be used in AC or ripple current circuits, be sure to maintain the Vp-p value of the applied voltage or the Vo-p which contains DC bias within the rated voltage range. When the voltage is applied to the circuit, starting or stopping may generate irregular voltage for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use a capacitor with a rated voltage range that includes these irregular voltages.

Voltage	DC Voltage	DC+AC Voltage	AC Voltage	Pulse Voltage (1)	Pulse Voltage (2)
Positional Measurement	Vo-p	Vo-p	Vp-p	Vp-p	Vp-p

2. Operating temperature and self-generated heat Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself.

When the capacitor is used in a high-frequency current, pulse current or similar current, it may self-generate heat due to dielectric loss. The applied voltage load should be such that the capacitor's self-generated heat is within 10°C at an atmosphere temperature of 25°C.

When measuring, use a thermocouple of small thermal capacity-K of Ø0.1mm in conditions where the capacitor is not affected by radiant heat from other components or surrounding ambient fluctuations.

Excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics and reliability. (Never attempt to perform measurement with the cooling fan running. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be ensured.)

#### 3. Installation

Installation torque should not exceed the torque strength values in "Specifications and Test Methods".

Do not use a screw with a thread depth greater than specified.

Avoid installation in which any bending torque is applied to the capacitor terminal.

Do not rework or resolder the terminal.

#### 4. Operating and storage environment

The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture.

Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment.

Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed -10 to 40°C and 15 to 85%. Use capacitors within 6 months.

#### 5. Vibration and impact

Do not expose a capacitor to excessive shock or vibration during use.

Failure to follow the above cautions may result, worst case, in a short circuit and cause fuming or partial dispersion when the product is used.



### **DHS Series (1)** Caution and Notice

#### ■ Notice

Capacitance change of capacitor

- Class 1 capacitors
   Capacitance might change a little depending on the surrounding temperature or an applied voltage.
   Please contact us if you intend to use this product in a strict time constant circuit.
- Class 2 and 3 capacitors Class 2 and 3 capacitors with temperature characteristics B, E and F have an aging characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor is left on for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on the surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. So, it is not likely to be suitable for use in a time constant circuit. Please contact us if you need detailed information.



## ISO9000 Certifications

Manufacturing plants which produce the products in this catalog have obtained the ISO9000 quality system certificate.

Plant	Certified Date	Organization	Registration No.	Applied standard
Izumo Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	Feb. 1. '00	Underwriters Laboratories Inc.	A5587	ISO9001
Murata Electronics (Thailand), Ltd.	Apr. 8. '02	Underwriters Laboratories Inc.	A6279	ISO9001



#### **⚠ Note:**

1. Export Control

(For customers outside Japan)

No muRata products should be used or sold, through any channels, for use in the design, development, production, utilization, maintenance or operation of, or otherwise contribution to (1) any weapons (Weapons of Mass Destruction (nuclear, chemical or biological weapons or missiles) or conventional weapons) or (2) goods or systems specially designed or intended for military end-use or utilization by military end-users.

For products which are controlled items subject to the "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law" of Japan, the export license specified by the law is required

- 2. Please contact our sales representatives or product engineers before using the products in this catalog for the applications listed below, which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly damage a third party's life, body or property, or when one of our products is intended for use in applications other than those specified in this catalog.
  - 1 Aircraft equipment
  - (2) Aerospace equipment 3 Undersea equipment 4 Power plant equipment
  - (5) Medical equipment
- (6) Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)
- (7) Traffic signal equipment 9 Data-processing equipment
- ® Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment (1) Application of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed above
- 3. Product specifications in this catalog are as of April 2003. They are subject to change or our products in it may be discontinued without advance notice. Please check with our sales representatives or product engineers before ordering. If there are any questions, please contact our sales representatives or product
- 4. Please read rating and ACAUTION (for storage, operating, rating, soldering, mounting and handling) in this catalog to prevent smoking and/or burning, etc.
- 5. This catalog has only typical specifications because there is no space for detailed specifications. Therefore, please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.
- 6. Please note that unless otherwise specified, we shall assume no responsibility whatsoever for any conflict or dispute that may occur in connection with the effect of our and/or a third party's intellectual property rights and other related rights in consideration of your use of our products and/or information described or contained in our catalogs. In this connection, no representation shall be made to the effect that any third parties are authorized to use the rights mentioned above under licenses without our consent.
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